Olim palus, where once upon a time the marsh:
distribution, demography, ecology and threats of amphibians
in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy).

by

ANTONIO ROMANO, RICCARDO NOVAGA, ANDREA COSTA

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL
Fig. S1. Suitability maps in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy) for the newts (a) *Lissotriton vulgaris* (a) and (b) *Triturus carnifex*. The legend indicates the predicted suitability.
Fig. S2. Suitability maps in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy) for the toads (a) *Bufo balearicus* and (b) *Bufo bufo*. The legend indicates the predicted suitability.
Fig. S3. Suitability maps in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy) for the frogs (a) *Pelophylax sinkl esculentus* and (b) *Rana dalmatina*. The legend indicates the predicted suitability,
Fig. S4. Suitability maps in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy) for the treefrog *Hyla intermedia*. The legend indicates the predicted suitability.
Fig. S5. Original data (squares) on the occurrence of four vertebrate alien species, which may be considered as a potential threat for amphibians in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy).
Fig. S6. Original data (squares) on the occurrence in the Circeo National Park (Central Italy) of the alien and invasive *Procambarus clarkii*, which is a severe threat for amphibians.